

MODULE SPECIFICATION PROFORMA

Module Title:		Introduction to Performance Analysis		Level	:	4	Cred Value		20	
Module code:		SPT409	Is this a new Yes module?			Code of module being replaced:			CDIANE	
Cost Centre:		GASP	JACS3 code:			C6	00			
Trimester(s) in which to be offered:			1,2 & 3	With e	effect	Sept 2016)16		
School:	Scho	ool of Life and So	and Social Sciences Module Leader: Dr Tim Donov			onova	n			
Scheduled learning and teaching hours 40 hrs										
Guided ind	depen	dent study		160 hrs						
Placement	t			0 hrs						
Module d	uratio	n (total hours)								200 hrs
				•						
		in which to be o						-	Core	Option
BSc. (Hon	s.) Sp	orts Coaching an	d Performar	nce Dev	elopm	ent			/	
BSc (Hons) Sport and Exercise Sciences						~	/			
Pre-requisites										
None										
Office use only										
Initial approval: August 2016										
APSC approval of modification: September 2016 Version: 2.										
Have any derogations received SQC approval? Yes ☐ No					√					

Мо	dule Aims
Th	is module aims to:
	Introduce and develop knowledge and understanding of technique analysis and notational analysis.
	Study how performance analysis can inform the sport scientist, coaching practitioner and sports performer.
	Use a variety of tools and techniques to study gross and fine movements and movement patterns in sport.

Intended Learning Outcomes

Key skills for employability

KS1	Written, oral and media communication skills
KS2	Leadership, team working and networking skills
KS3	Opportunity, creativity and problem solving skills
KS4	Information technology skills and digital literacy
KS5	Information management skills
KS6	Research skills
KS7	Intercultural and sustainability skills
KS8	Career management skills
KS9	Learning to learn (managing personal and professional development, self-
	management)
KS10	Numeracy

At	the end of this module, students will be able to	Key Skills		
1	Design an appropriate system for analysing an aspect of	KS1	KS2	
	performance within a specific sporting/physical activity context.	KS4	KS6	
2	Describe how notation analysis can be used to assess performance.	KS2	KS6	
3	Demonstrate a comprehension of simple mechanical	KS1	KS3	
	principles involved in sport and human movement.	KS10		
4	Demonstrate an ability to use audio visual and information	KS1	KS4	
	technology for effective performance analysis.	KS10		

Transferable/key skills and other attributes

Working independently, working in groups, academic writing skills, practical and laboratory skills, and the use of IT.

Derogations

N/A

Assessment:

Assessment 1: Portfolio

The student will produce a portfolio of work which will include a review of the literature relating to notation analysis in physical activity/sport. They will use this information to design an appropriate system for analysing sporting performance/physical activity, use the template to analyse a sport/physical activity and describe how the outcome of the analysis can be used to guide performance.

Assessment 2: Report

The students will produce a report that will demonstrate the ability to record an action using an appropriate audio video medium. They will use the recorded sporting action to appropriately describe the sporting movement in terms of biomechanical principles using IT systems.

Assessment number	Learning Outcomes to be met	Type of assessment	Weighting (%)	Duration (if exam)	Word count (or equivalent if appropriate)
1	1 and 2	Portfolio	50		2000 word equivalent
2	3 and 4	Report	50		2000 word equivalent

Learning and Teaching Strategies:

A combination of lead-lectures, practical workshops and seminars will form the basis of this module. Students will be required to undertake background reading and experiential work will be conducted across a range of sports. Formative assessments will be provided through practical tasks and feedback to students on performance in class-based tasks.

Syllabus outline:

An appreciation of the physiological demands on players (player profiles, movement patterns, activity rates, training versus match demands, player specific demands).

An appreciation of the psychological demands on players (team cohesion/dynamics, roles and responsibilities linked to goal-setting, Types of feedback (knowledge of performance, knowledge of results, verbal, visual and video).

The use of types of feedback (knowledge of performance, knowledge of results, verbal, visual and video).

The use of hand notation systems in the analysis of sport (use of, benefits and limitations).

The assessment and calculation angular and linear kinematics in sport technique.

The understanding of fluid mechanics in respect of sport performance.

Newtonian and non-Newtonian ways to describe motion

The use of IT and recording media to analyse biomechanics in sport

Bibliography:

Essential reading

Blazevich, A. (2010), Sports *Biomechanics, the Basics: Optimising Human Performance*. London: A & C Black.

O'Donoghue, P. (2014), *An Introduction to Performance Analysis of Sport.* 2nd ed. London: Routledge.

Hughes, M. and Franks, I. (2015), *The Essentials of Performance Analysis*. London: Routledge.

Other indicative reading

Bartlett, R. (2007), *Introduction to Sports Biomechanics: Analysing Human Movement Patterns*. London: Routledge.

Carling, C., Williams, A. M. and Reilly, T. (2006), *Handbook of Soccer Match Analysis*. London: Routledge.

Grimshaw, P., Fowler, N., Lees, A. and Burden, A. (2006), *Instant Notes in Sport & Exercise Biomechanics*. London: Routledge.

Payton, C. and Bartlett, R. (2007), Biomechanical Evaluation of Movement in Sport & Exercise. London: Routledge.